MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Primary Registration District No. Village If death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number.1 PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 5 BINGLE 16 DATE OF DEATH 3 SEX MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Month) Write the word) attended deceased from 6 DATE OF BIRTH (Day) If LESS than 7 AGE 1 day,.....hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at or......min.? CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: 8 OCCUPATION
(a) Trade, profession, or
particular kind of work............. (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY..... (Secondary) 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or fore 12 MAIDEN NAME State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state OF MOTHER (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Buicidel or Homicidal. 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE or Recent Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign At place of death.....yrs....mos.....ds. In the State......yrs.....mos......ds. Where was disease contracted . if not at place of death?..... Former or 15 Rogistrar

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

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Statement of occupaion .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write Nones.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin;"Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy." "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify * as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American · Medical Association.)

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

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	1. PLACE OF DEATH Refistration District I	1072 pile No.
	Township Primary Registration	
	City	St
ESCAIL	2. FULL NAME Orland Mal	e Heurt
PRES	(a) Residence. No	Ward. (If nonresident give city or town and State)
ED AS	Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos.	ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mas. ds.
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
2PLET	3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTHLAY AND YEAR) // - 2 4 19 /
COMPL	5a. If Married, Widowed, or Divorced	I HEREBY CAPTIFY, That I attended deceased from
ARE	HUSBAND or (or) WIFE or	that I last saw 19 and that
5		death occurrence the date stated above, at
₹	6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than I	THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:
UNTIL	day,brs.	
	8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	
ATE	(a) Trade, profession, or	(duration)yrsds,
CERTIFICATES	particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in	CONTRIBUTORY(SECONDARY)
E CE	which employed (er employer)	. (duration) 774 mos. ds.
FOR	(c) Name of employer	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
μ l	9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR YOWN)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHT
A FE	(STATE OR COUNTRY)	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY
VE.		WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYI
RECEIVE	11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (day of the m)	(Signed), M. D
		, 19 (Address)
SHALL NOT	12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	*State the Direase Causing Drate, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Mrans and Nature of Indust, and (2) whether Accidental, Suzchal, or Hosticidal. (See reverse side for additional space.)
	14 Man Dudd (Sent)	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
ARS	INFORMANT	19
EGISTRARS	(Address) Clarence 1920	20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
PEGIL	FILED -30-19 1 REGISTRAL	
1	ALL INFORMATION CALLED FOR MUST	BE WRITTEN ON THIS SUPPLEMENTARY.

n. p. r. b. very num or internation shows de carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter. Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary) may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus. Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite), Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc.; Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatio), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS STATE MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g. sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which gives any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, homorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.